

<p><b><u>1648</u></b></p> <p><b>Nettleham Manor</b> is sold for <b>£2,029 15s 1½d</b> by order of Parliament</p>	<p><b><u>1301</u></b></p> <p><b>King Edward I</b> proclaims his eldest son <b>Edward</b> as the first <b>Prince of Wales</b> at Nettleham.</p>	<p><b><u>1075</u></b></p> <p><b>Queen Edith</b> dies. The manor of <b>Nettleham</b> is returned to <b>the crown</b>.</p>	<p><b><u>2014</u></b></p> <p>In March, <b>HRH The Duke of Kent</b> came to the village to officially open the Bishop's Palace site.</p>	<p><b><u>1660</u></b></p> <p>A bill of Parliament restores the manor to the <b>Church of England</b>.</p>
<p><b><u>1336</u></b></p> <p><b>King Edward III</b> gives permission to Bishop Burghersh to <b>crenellate</b> the manor house. The gardens were probably formed at this time.</p>	<p><b><u>1066</u></b></p> <p><b>William the Conqueror</b> defeats <b>King Harold</b> at the <b>Battle of Hastings</b>. England is ruled by <b>The Normans</b>.</p>	<p><b><u>2012</u></b></p> <p>The lease of the Bishop's Palace is acquired by <b>Nettleham Parish Council</b>. In 2013, the rebuilding of the traditional stone wall started.</p>	<p><b><u>1101</u></b></p> <p>The manor of <b>Nettleham</b> is given to the <b>Bishop of Lincoln</b> by <b>King Henry I</b>.</p>	<p><b><u>1536</u></b></p> <p>The Bishop's Palace comes under attack. Considerable damage is caused by rebels during the <b>Lincolnshire Rising</b>.</p>