## Square Numbers

Square numbers are numbers that are the result of multiplying a number by itself. For example:
$3 \times 3=9 \quad$ Nine is a square number
$5 \times 5=25$ Twenty-five is a square number

1. Learn all of the square numbers up to $12 \times 12$
2. Get nine small objects (smarties, pennies etc) and arrange them in a square. Think about why these numbers are arranged as a square.
3. If you have enough objects, then arrange 16 into a square.
4. Now try arranging 15 objects into a square? What do you notice?

Square numbers use a little 2 as a symbol, so $\mathbf{7}$ squared is written $\mathbf{7}^{\mathbf{2}}$.
5. Try these:

Example: $3^{2}+5^{2}=9+25=34$
a. $4^{2}+6^{2}=$
b. $10^{2}+7^{2}=$
c. $9^{2}+8^{2}$
d. $9^{2}-4^{2}=$
e. $12^{2}-7^{2}=$

Get someone to keep testing you to see if you can learn those square numbers for instant recall. Which square number is the same backwards as forwards?

Challenge: Can you work out all of the square numbers between (and including) $\mathbf{1 3}^{\mathbf{2}}$ and $\mathbf{2 0}^{\mathbf{2}}$.

CLUE : $13^{2}=13 \times 10$ add $13 \times 3$

