## Skiing Stars WB 11.5.20

Please use this as a suggested guide to your week.

If you find any questions difficult after having had a go at it, feel free to move on to the next question. Alternatively you can email us and ask for some assistance.

For any White Rose resources it is important that you watch the accompanying White Rose guidance video before starting.

I have added additional YouTube clips to help, if needed.

| Day | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Learning Objective | Area of Rectangles | Area of Compound Shapes | Equivalent Fractions | Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers | Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions |
| Resources | White Rose Summer Week 4 Lesson 1 | See Below | White Rose Summer Week 4 Lesson 2 | White Rose Summer Week 4 Lesson 3 Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers | White Rose Summer Week 4 Lesson 3 Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions |
| Other Helpful Resources <br> Use these as additional explanations to the White Rose videos, if needed. | YouTube - Area of Rectangles |  | YouTube Equivalent Fractions | YouTube - Convert Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers | YouTube - Convert Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions |
| Suggested Questions | Aim to do all the questions today. | Aim to complete all question in Task 1 (find below). Challenge: Task 2 | Aim to do questions 1-6. <br> Challenge: Q7 and 8 | Aim to do questions 1-5. <br> Challenge: Q6 and 7 | Aim to do questions 1-5. <br> Challenge: Q6 |

## Tuesday's Resources:

## Area of Compound Shapes

Helpful information

| Area of Rectangles | Area of Compound Shapes |
| :---: | :---: |
| The area of a rectangle on a grid: <br> Multiply the length $\times$ width $=6 \times 3=18$ squares. <br> The area of a rectangle $=$ length $(\mathrm{l}) \times$ width (w). | To find the area of a compound shape, divide the shape into rectangles with known dimensions: $\begin{aligned} \text { Area } & =7 \mathrm{~cm} \times 4 \mathrm{~cm}+5 \mathrm{~cm} \times 5 \mathrm{~cm} \\ & =28 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}+25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \\ & =53 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |

## Tuesday's Task 1

## Area of Compound Shapes

First calculate the area of each rectangle.
Add the two areas together to get the total area.

| 1. <br> b) $2 \mathrm{~cm} \times 5 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> Area a: $\qquad$ 4 $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Area b: $\qquad$ 10 $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Total: 14 $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 2. <br> Area a: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Area b: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Total: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3. <br> Area a: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Area b: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Total: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 4. <br> Area a: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Area b: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Total: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |
| 5. <br> Area a: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Area b: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Total: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 6. <br> Area a: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Area b: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> Total: $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |

Note: Compound shapes are not to scale.

## Tuesday's Task 2

## Area of Compound Shapes - Challenge

First identify the shapes where the area can be calculated - split the shape into two rectangles.
Then calculate the area of each rectangle.
Add the two areas together to get the total area.


Note: Compound shapes are not to scale.

## Answers

| Question | Answer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Identify the shapes where the area can be calculated. Calculate the area of each compound shape. |  |  |  |
| 1 | Area a: $\mathbf{4} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ Area b: $\mathbf{1 0} \mathrm{cm}^{1}$ Total: $\mathbf{1 4} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 6 | Area a: $\mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{cm}^{\prime}$ Area b: $\mathbf{1 8} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ Total $\mathbf{3 8} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |
| 2 | Area a: $\mathbf{4} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ Area b: $\mathbf{6} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ Total: $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |  |  |
| 3 | Area a: $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ Area be $3 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ Total: $\mathbf{1 3} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |  |  |
| 4 | Area a: $\mathbf{1 2} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ Area b: $\mathbf{2 4} \mathrm{cm}^{\prime}$ Total: $\mathbf{3 6} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |  |  |
| 5 | Area a: $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ Area b: $\mathbf{1 0} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ Total: $19 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |  |  |


| Question | Answer |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Identify the shapes where the area can be calculated. Calcuate the area of each compound shape. $\mathbf{4 2} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | 6 | Total: $\mathbf{9 6 c m}$ |
| 2 | Total: $\mathbf{3 5 c \mathrm { cm } ^ { 2 }}$ |  |  |
| 3 | Total: $\mathbf{3 8} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |  |  |
| 4 | Total: $\mathbf{4 2} \mathrm{cm}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |
| 5 | Total: $\mathbf{3 8} \mathrm{cm}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |

